

Corporate Governance Report

Translated from the original Japanese-language document

Last update: April 11, 2025

Daifuku Co., Ltd.

Representative: Hiroshi Geshiro, President and CEO

Contact: Hideaki Takubo, Director, Senior Managing Officer, Corporate Functions Head

Phone: +81-6-6472-1261

Securities code: 6383

www.daifuku.com

The corporate governance of Daifuku Co, Ltd. (the Company) is described below.

I. Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information

1. Basic Views **Updated**

The Daifuku Group (hereinafter, the "Group") emphasizes the fulfillment of its corporate social responsibility (CSR) based on the following management philosophy:

Automation that Inspires

Inspire society, deliver prosperity and enhance well-being through our core competence—automated material handling technology.

We will

1. strive to realize a sustainable society that minimizes burdens on people and the environment, respects human rights, and encourages responsible manufacturing.
2. work together with customers around the world to create optimal smart logistics solutions that incorporate innovative technologies.
3. ensure a fair and open corporate culture that respects diversity and allows each individual to excel. Further, we will strengthen our fundamental management practices globally to have a high level of transparency.

Daifuku Group is a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board. The Company enhances its corporate governance framework to oversee and supervise business execution by developing a Board of Directors consisting of eleven (11) members, including six (6) outside directors, and the Audit & Supervisory Board consisting of four (4) members, three (3) of whom are elected from outside the Company. Independent outside directors account for 55% of the members of the Board of Directors. Taking diversity of the Board of Directors into consideration, two (2) female director and one (1) foreign national director have been appointed.

To ensure transparency and fairness of management, the Company has established a voluntary Advisory Committee, which deliberates on the nomination, election and dismissal, and the remuneration of the Directors and the Officers.

In addition, to encourage rapid operational decision-making, the Company has introduced a corporate officer system. The Company also introduced C-suite roles to strengthen governance.

The Company flexibly execute business operation and speed up decision-making by delegating authority of the President and CEO and clarifying the division of responsibilities after the delegation.

As the chief officer of the Group, the President and CEO formulates growth strategies and management policies and oversees all aspects of the Group's management. The Representative Director and Chief Operating Officer (COO), who was appointed in the fiscal year ending December 2025, oversees the Group's overall operations based on the formulated growth strategies and management policies.

The Company has established an Audit & Supervisory Board Office staffed with employees assigned to assist with the duties of Audit & Supervisory Board members. The Audit & Supervisory Board Office is managed by an audit officer who are on the same level as a corporate officer and has been appointed to strengthen the auditing function, under the direction of the Audit & Supervisory Board members. It plays a role in facilitating auditing operations and further enhancing the effectiveness of audits.

The Audit Division shall facilitate improvements to the internal control system and its operation by examining and evaluating them from multiple points of view, including compliance with relevant legislation, the Articles of Incorporation, internal regulations, and social norms, risk management, ensuring the efficiency of management operations, and ensuring the reliability of financial reporting, independently from the business operation line.

[Reasons for Non-Compliance with the Principles of Japan's Corporate Governance Code]

Daifuku complies with all of the Principles of Japan's Corporate Governance Code.

[Disclosure Based on the Principles of Japan's Corporate Governance Code] Updated

The Group actively strives to enhance its corporate governance with the aim of ensuring the sustained growth of the Group and improved its medium- to long-term corporate value. Accordingly, the Daifuku Group Basic Policy for Corporate Governance has been clarified. At the same time, the Group has organized its status of efforts for each item of the Japan's Corporate Governance Code (hereinafter, the "Code"), and introduces reference points for the latest materials, including securities report and the Daifuku Report as integrated reporting.

See our website for the Daifuku Group Basic Policy for Corporate Governance.
www.daifuku.com/ir/policy/governance

Disclosures based on the Principles that specific matters should be disclosed are as follows:

[Principle 1.4 Cross-Shareholdings]

Our basic policy is to limit shareholdings, including shares held as cross-shareholdings, to the minimum necessary and to reduce them, and the Board of Directors confirms the status of individual holdings every year. In principle, we will no longer hold new shares for strategic purposes. On the other hand, we have established a firm relationship of trust with its customers through after-sales services as well as the delivery of products. Circumstances including these trade relations will also be taken into consideration when the economic rationale of cross-shareholdings, such as market capitalization, book value, transaction amounts, dividends, ROE, and

risk of shareholdings, is examined. Shares, which the Board of Directors regards as having no significance, will be sold on a timely basis.

With respect to the voting rights attached to cross-shareholdings, we will make decisions individually with an emphasis on improving the corporate value of the cross-shareholding partners over the medium to long term. When making a judgement, special attention will be paid to whether the cross-shareholding partner has been tarnished by corporate scandals or has committed an antisocial act. If the cross-shareholding partner were to be involved in such circumstances, the partner's management improvement measures and audit reports shall be scrutinized.

When a cross-shareholder indicates its intention to sell the Company's shares, Daifuku shall not hinder the sale of the cross-held shares.

[Principle 1.7 Related Party Transactions]

The internal regulations stipulate that, with respect to a conflict-of-interest transaction between a director and the Group, the director shall seek prior approval for the transaction from the Board of Directors and report it to the Board of Directors even after the fact. With respect to transactions with directors, Audit & Supervisory Board members, and their close relatives, we conduct a survey on the existence of transactions at the beginning of every fiscal year and report findings of material facts about related-party transactions to the Board of Directors. Any transactions between related parties are disclosed in accordance with applicable laws and the rules established by the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

[Supplementary Principle 2.4.1 Ensuring diversity in the core human resources of a company]

1. Concept of ensuring diversity, policies for human resource development and internal environment development to ensure diversity

Regardless of race, creed, gender, sexual orientation, religion, nationality, political opinion, disability, or whether hired as a new graduate or mid-career hire, the Company will secure and promote human resources, and will also focus on developing various systems and internal environments that allow diverse personnel to work effectively and physically and mentally healthy. Under our long-term vision Driving Innovative Impact 2030 and four-year business plan for 2027, we are expanding and strengthening our human capital through a three-axes approach; securing and developing human resources, achieving diversity and inclusion, and enhancing engagement.

2. Status of ensuring diversity

1) Policies and goals for promoting women to managerial positions

To facilitate the active participation of women, we are developing and expanding a reinstatement support system that enables us to fully demonstrate our abilities and grow while striving to balance childcare and work in time and economic terms. In addition to increasing the ratio of female employees, the number of female employees working as practical leaders and section managers is increasing and their field of activity is expanding.

In promoting women to managerial positions, in addition to special recommendation slots for women already established, we have set more slots to promote women to assistant managers, with the aim of increasing the number of female candidates for managerial positions. Also, we have established a new leadership development program to foster future female managers in purpose to help female candidates acquire leadership skills and clarify their career visions, as well

as to provide participants' supervisors with training sessions regarding career development support for female employees.

Changes in the number of female managers

32 (4.3%) as of March 31, 2024

40 (5.4%) as of December 31, 2024

Target: 60 (7.6%) as of December 31, 2027

Notes:

1. Four-year business plan for 2027 (April 1, 2024–December 31, 2027)
2. Figures in parentheses indicate the percentage of female employees in management positions.

2) Policies for promoting foreign nationals to managerial positions

With the globalization of our business, the number of foreign employees is increasing each year through both regular hiring and mid-career hiring. In addition to graduates of Japanese universities, we also carry out regular recruitment of graduates of overseas universities. Of the regular hires in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, 9.5% were foreign employees. We will continue to actively hire foreign employees. Six foreign managers are employed as of December 31, 2024. We expect that the number of foreign managers will continue to increase in line with globalization.

3) Policies for promoting mid-career professionals to managerial positions

We are actively hiring mid-career personnel, and the ratio of mid-career hires among full-time employees is 44.8% as of December 31, 2024. The same applies to the promotion to managerial positions. Mid-career hires accounted for 41.3% of assistant managers and 31.4% of managerial positions, as of December 31, 2024. Going forward, we will diversify the personnel system to secure expert personnel and actively hire mid-career personnel as qualified managers.

[Principle 2.6 Roles of Corporate Pension Funds as Asset Owners]

Daifuku's basic policy on the investment of reserves to be applied to its defined benefit pension plan (hereinafter, "pension assets") is to achieve the total returns that are deemed necessary in the long term while taking medium-term downside risks into consideration, to ensure the payment of pension benefits to pension scheme members, recipients, etc. in the future.

- Daifuku shall appoint, evaluate, and manage asset managers in accordance with the basic policy.
- Daifuku shall seek the safe and efficient management of its pension assets by establishing the Pension Assets Management Committee.
- The Pension Assets Management Committee shall be chaired by the Chief Financial Officer (CFO). Committee members shall be the officers responsible for operations, such as personnel affairs, general affairs, finance and accounting, the chairperson of the labor union executive committee, and the head of the health insurance society. If a suspected conflict of interest might arise as a result of such members' participation in deliberations, such members shall be excluded from deliberations as appropriate.

[Principle 3.1 Full Disclosure]

i) Company objectives (e.g., business principles), business strategies and business plans

We have formulated and disclose our management philosophy, business strategies, and business plans. For details, see the following pages:

Management philosophy

www.daifuku.com/company/philosophy

Business strategies and business plans

www.daifuku.com/jp/ir/policy/plan

- ii) Basic views and guidelines on corporate governance based on each of the principles of the Code

Daifuku Group Basic Policy for Corporate Governance summarizes the basic views and guidelines on corporate governance based on each of the principles of the Code.

- iii) Board policies and procedures in determining the remuneration of senior management and directors

We disclose these policies and procedures in our securities reports and other reports.

- iv) Board policies and procedures in the appointment/dismissal of senior management and the nomination of directors and *kansayaku* candidates

We have established the voluntary Advisory Committee. See Supplementary Principle 4.10.1.

- v) Explanations with respect to individual appointments/dismissals and nominations based on iv).

We summarize the background of each candidate and the reasons for their selection as a candidate in the proposal for the election of directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members in the convening notice.

[Supplementary Principle 3.1.3 Sustainability initiatives]

1. Disclosure on sustainability initiatives

In our long-term vision "Driving Innovative Impact 2030" and four-year business plan for 2027, we have integrated the two, laying out goals that take both business and sustainability perspectives into account, and we have formulated measures and roadmaps for achieving them. The Board of Directors receives status reports from the Sustainability Management Committee chaired by the president and CEO, which manages the progress of the four-year business plan, to achieve the goals, and provides effective supervision. We regularly disclose details of our sustainability initiatives in the Daifuku Report and on our website. For details, see the following pages:

Daifuku's Sustainability

www.daifuku.com/sustainability/management

Environment

www.daifuku.com/sustainability/environment

Social

www.daifuku.com/sustainability/society

Governance

www.daifuku.com/sustainability/governance

Daifuku Report

www.daifuku.com/ir/library/annualreport

2. Investing in human capital

We will expand and strengthen our human capital through a three-axes approach; securing and developing human resources, achieving diversity and inclusion, and enhancing engagement.

1) Establishment of Daifuku Group Employee Management Policy

In April 2025, we established Daifuku Group Employee Management Policy with the aim of maximizing engagement and human capital by aligning the personnel measures of each Group company and creating workplaces where diverse personnel can work effectively. The policy composed of three parts: 1) Purpose of Establishment, 2) Daifuku Group's Corporate Culture and

the Ideal Workforce, and 3) Principles. We will disseminate this policy to each Group companies, and while taking into account the current situation and issues of each, we will aim to create a workplace where employees can feel job satisfaction and ease of work, and to achieve a career in which employees and the Company can grow together.

2) Promoting diversity

We are promoting the development of an environment where each employee is able to work with a sense of job satisfaction and ease of work. As part of work style reforms, we have introduced a work-from-home system for all employees to improve productivity and harmonize work-life balance. From the fiscal year ended December 2024, we have launched a new D&I project in the Human Capital Management Subcommittee which was placed under the jurisdiction of the Sustainability Promotion Committee*, and are working to promote the development of an environment in which diverse personnel can work effectively. See Supplementary Principle 2.4.1 for the appointment of female managers.

*Sustainability Promotion Committee: As a subordinate branch of the Sustainability Management Committee, promote Group-wide ESG initiatives on a working level based on management strategy.

3) Human resources development

As priority measures in human resources development, we are working on 1) a preparatory training program for prospective managers, 2) early development of young management candidates, 3) a trainee program for employees of global affiliates, mainly on-the-job training in Japan, 4) skill management through the Group-wide e-learning platform, and 5) maintenance and improvement of management skills for executive management. In addition, we plan to start a training program for successor candidates for key positions from the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025. In particular, we have a curriculum based on the MBA program at a business school for the early development of young management candidates, and we also have a leadership development program for female candidates for managerial positions.

3. Investing in intellectual property

We regard the number of patent registrations as one of the pillars of our intellectual property strategy and will focus on enhancing quality with a sense of speed by actively discovering high-quality patents in addition to the number of patents. In recent years, we have been broadening our scope of activities to identify potential rights within the context of total solutions (total support system from consulting to after-sales service), which features one of our strengths. We also recognize the importance of the development of intellectual property personnel in relation to intellectual property strategy, and promote the participation in internal and external training and seminars. In addition, intellectual property rights, including patent, design, and trademarks, are protected through an intellectual property multifaceted protection strategy, while in-house information assets that cannot be patented including know-how are protected through information security promotion activities.

We will also focus on promoting open innovation through industry-academia collaboration, which will lead to investment and commercialization in promising new fields.

4. Impact of climate change risks and opportunities on our business activities and profits

1) Response to the TCFD (Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures) recommendations
In 2019, we expressed our assent to the TCFD recommendations. In May 2020 we disclosed information on the impact of climate change risks and opportunities on our business activities and

profits, and in May 2024 we reviewed our information disclosed, taking changes in social and environments into account. For details, see the following page:

Climate Change

www.daifuku.com/sustainability/environment/climate-change

2) Formulation of Daifuku Environmental Vision 2050

Following the announcement of our assent to the TCFD recommendations, in 2021 we formulated Daifuku Environmental Vision 2050. In May 2023, we revised this vision to meet the demands of society at a higher level and further clarify our vision. In the new vision, we have set a goal to realize a world where material handling systems have zero environmental impact by 2050 and established three crucial issue areas: 1) addressing climate change, 2) promoting resource recycling, and 3) coexisting with nature.

The Group will fulfill its responsibilities as a corporate partner throughout the entire supply chain and will strive to realize this Vision with a view to the future society we wish to create.

For details, see the following page:

Environmental Management

www.daifuku.com/sustainability/environment/management

3) Enhancing the quality and quantity of disclosures related to climate change

In principle, the basic framework for responding to climate change will be reviewed in line with the drafting of three- to four-year business plans. The Sustainability Management Committee will report to the Board of Directors whenever new risks or opportunities arise. The committee reports as necessary to the Board of Directors on progress and performance concerning indicators and targets.

We will disclose the above contents through our website, etc. For details, see the following page:

Climate Change

www.daifuku.com/sustainability/environment/climate-change

[Supplementary Principle 4.1.1 Scope and content of the matters delegated to the management]

The Board of Directors delegates matters other than the important matters stipulated in the internal regulations, such as the determination of management policies, business plans, and corporate governance system, to management.

[Principle 4.9 Independence Standards and Qualification for Independent Directors]

We have established our own standards based on the independence standards set by the Tokyo Stock Exchange and review them as necessary, and have included them in the convening notice, corporate governance report, and securities report to help shareholders make decisions on exercising their voting rights. As for an outline of what we expect from each independent outside director candidate, the status of their remarks, and the duties they have performed regarding their expected role, we make disclosure in the convening notice.

[Supplementary Principle 4.10.1 Mandates and roles of a nomination committee and remuneration committee]

We have established a voluntary Advisory Committee to strengthen the independence, objectivity, and accountability of the functions of the Board of Directors regarding the nomination, dismissal,

and the remuneration of directors and corporate officers. The committee consists of two (2) representative directors and six (6) outside directors, and is chaired by one of the outside directors.

Roles and authority:

When the Board of Directors decides on the following matters, it is to ensure the transparency of the resolution process at the Board meeting and the fairness of the resolution, by receiving an inquiry from the Board of Directors, examining the content in advance, and making a report. The Board of Directors makes decisions on the following matters based on reports from the Advisory Committee.

- Appointment and dismissal of representative directors and election and dismissal of executives of the Board of Directors
- Nomination of candidates for directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members
- Election and dismissal of corporate officer candidates and corporate officers with roles
- Election and dismissal of audit officer candidates and audit officers with roles
- Remuneration of all directors and corporate officers
- Election and dismissal of Group Chief Officer (C-suite role) candidates

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.1 Views on diversity of the Board of Directors, etc.]

The Board of Directors identifies the skills that it should prepare in the medium to long term through the formulation of the management philosophy and three- to four-year business plans. Broadly speaking, the Board will consist of human resources who “work together with customers around the world to create optimal smart logistics solutions that incorporate innovative technologies” and “excel.”

Regarding the policy and process of appointing candidates for directors, we submit the names of qualified persons who would be able to fulfill the duties and responsibilities to the Advisory Committee as those who could assume the fiduciary responsibility entrusted by the shareholders in view of their respective personality and insight, and the Board of Directors makes decisions on such persons as candidates based on reports from the Advisory Committee. When appointing candidates, we consider the balance of knowledge, experience, and skills of the board as a whole, diversity including gender and international aspects, and the optimization of board size, according to the social and business environment. The appearance after being elected at the ordinary general meeting of shareholders is shown as a skill matrix in the convening notice. For details, see “Corporate Governance” in our securities reports.

Securities Report

www.daifuku.com/ir/library/statements

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.2 Status of concurrent posts of directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members]

Where directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members also serve as officers of other listed companies or others, important concurrent positions will be stated in the convening notice and corporate governance report.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.3 Evaluation of the Board of Directors’ effectiveness]

The Company regularly examines the composition and operational status of the Board of Directors and evaluate its effectiveness. The Company works to continuously strengthen functions and improve effectiveness by addressing issues identified from the evaluation results. In the

effectiveness evaluation conducted in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 as well, the Company ensures objectivity and independence of the effectiveness evaluation by obtaining support from an external evaluation body at key points in the process, such as conducting questionnaires and analyzing survey results. A summary of the methods and results of the Board of Directors' effectiveness evaluation is provided below.

[Method]

- Anonymous questionnaire for all directors and all Audit & Supervisory Board members

[Evaluation items]

- (1) How the Board of Directors should be
- (2) Composition of the Board of Directors
- (3) Operation of the Board of Directors
- (4) Discussions at the Board of Directors
- (5) The Board of Directors' monitoring function
- (6) Performance of outside directors
- (7) Support structure for directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members
- (8) Training
- (9) Dialogues with shareholders and investors
- (10) Subjects' own actions
- (11) Operation of the Advisory Committee

[Analysis of effectiveness improvement measures and evaluation results for the issues of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024]

As a result of reviewing the results of the questionnaire reports, it was confirmed that the Board of Directors is functioning effectively in general.

- (1) Regarding "reviewing the Group's overall business portfolio from the perspective of ensuring sustainable profitability and cost of capital," the majority of respondents evaluated that they were adequately overseen. On the other hand, with regard to periodic review of the Group's overall business portfolio, some respondents indicated a need for continued consideration, such as increasing the time spent discussing medium- to long-term corporate strategy and M&A.
- (2) With regard to "training of successor candidates," we worked to enhance training for officers, taking into account the skills of the Board of Directors based on management strategy. In addition, the results of the questionnaire improved as a result of a resolution by the Board of Directors based on the discussion and report of the CEO and other management's succession plan by the Advisory Committee. We will continue to deepen our discussions on the ideal form of the Board of Directors and the systematic development of successors candidates to the next generation of management, based on our management strategy.

[Recognition of issues and future initiatives]

- (1) With regard to "reviewing the Group's overall business portfolio from the perspective of ensuring sustainable profitability and cost of capital," there was an improvement in the survey results, but we also recognized this as an issue for the fiscal year ended December 2024. The Board of Directors will seek more sophisticated management system, in light of the issues that need to be discussed with greater awareness of cost of capital and return on capital.
- (2) Regarding the "support structure for the Board of Directors," with the change in the members of the Board of Directors, there were opinions requesting further support for providing opportunities for interaction between outside directors only, improving the content of

materials, and operations. We will continue to deepen our discussions on strengthening support systems and other measures to revitalize discussions at board meetings.

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[Supplementary Principle 4.14.2 Training policy of directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members]

Daifuku prepares the following activities as training for directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members and will conduct and enhance these activities on an ongoing basis.

1. Giving the following lectures on the days of the Board of Directors meetings and similar
 - Lectures on compliance, which are given by external lawyers
 - Lectures on financial affairs, legal affairs, and other matters, which are given by outside officers, from their specialists' points of view
2. Explanations of Daifuku's business and inspection tours of its key facilities, which are aimed at outside officers
3. Participation in important internal meetings, such as meetings for all heads of non-Japan subsidiaries
4. Training for acquiring knowledge of financial affairs, legal affairs, and other matters, which is provided for newly appointed officers
5. Offering, introducing, and providing financial support for books and other materials to directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members, which help them fulfill their roles and duties
6. Participation in external training sessions, seminars, and other

[Principle 5.1 Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders]

1. Information provision through timely disclosure: Timely disclosure is made on an appropriate and timely basis mainly by the Disclosure Committee chaired by the president and CEO.
2. Investor relations (IR) activities for institutional investors and shareholders in and outside Japan: We hold a results briefing attended by the Representative Directors and CFO every quarterly earnings announcement. We also provide as many opportunities as possible for the management to hear the voices of shareholders and investors directly through various meetings including IR activities outside of Japan, as well as dialogues on the topic of ESG as needed.
3. IR activities for individual investors and shareholders in Japan: We organize a tour of our demo center within Shiga Works for individual shareholders, and senior management explains the business overview to the tour participants.
4. General Meeting of Shareholders: Management, led by the president and CEO, strives to explain the questions with as much consideration as possible.
5. We endeavor to enhance the provision of voluntary information through our website, Daifuku Report integrated reporting, etc.

[Actions to achieve capital cost and stock price conscious management] (updated April 11, 2025)

ROIC (return on invested capital) and WACC (weighted average cost of capital) are disclosed in our four-year business plan for 2027 and full-year earnings presentations. For details, see the following pages:

Four-year business plan for 2027

www.daifuku.com/ir/policy/plan

Earnings presentations

www.daifuku.com/ir/library/results

[Status of dialogue with shareholders, etc.]

- Daifuku speakers

President and CEO Executive Vice President and COO, Chief Financial Officer (CFO), officers responsible for Global Businesses, officer in charge of ESG, officer in charge of investor relations, Investor Relations department manager, and other

- Shareholders profile

From: Japan, U.S.A., Canada, U.K., France, Switzerland, Singapore, Hong Kong, Australia, and other regions

Titles: Fund Manager, Portfolio Manager, Analyst (including ESG), and other

- Major themes and shareholder concerns

Medium- and long-term management policies, management strategies, market environment, business models, competitive advantages, growth investments and returns, cash allocation, business overview and outlook, growth strategy, shareholder return policy, ESG initiatives, etc.

- Status of feedback of shareholder opinions

Regular reports to the Board of Directors twice a year, plus feedback to the management as appropriate.

2. Capital Structure

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Foreign shareholding ratio | 30% or more |
|----------------------------|-------------|

[Status of Major Shareholders] Updated

| Name | Number of shares held | Percentage (%) |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|
| The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account) | 52,835,500 | 14.35 |
| Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account) | 32,490,800 | 8.83 |
| STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505025 (Standing proxy: Settlement & Clearing Services Department, Mizuho Bank, Ltd.) | 12,895,465 | 3.50 |
| Mizuho Bank, Ltd. | 9,265,057 | 2.52 |
| Daifuku Supplier Shareholder Association | 8,675,467 | 2.36 |

| | | |
|---|-----------|------|
| Nippon Life Insurance Company | 8,237,301 | 2.24 |
| STATE STREET BANK WEST CLIENT - TREATY 505234 (Standing proxy: Settlement & Clearing Services Department, Mizuho Bank, Ltd.) | 7,132,228 | 1.94 |
| Chuo-Nittochi Co., Ltd. | 6,698,100 | 1.82 |
| Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation | 6,121,062 | 1.66 |
| STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505001 (Standing proxy: Settlement & Clearing Services Department, Mizuho Bank, Ltd.) | 5,794,406 | 1.57 |

| | |
|---|-------|
| Controlling shareholder (except for parent company) | _____ |
| Parent company | None |

| |
|---------------------------|
| Supplementary Explanation |
| _____ |

3. Corporate Attributes

| | |
|---|--|
| Listed stock market and market section | Prime, Tokyo Stock Exchange |
| Fiscal year-end Updated | December |
| Type of business | Machinery |
| Number of employees (consolidated) as of the end of the previous fiscal year | 1,000 or more |
| Sales (consolidated) as of the end of the previous fiscal year | From JPY 100 billion to less than JPY 1 trillion |
| Number of consolidated subsidiaries as of the end of the previous fiscal year | From 50 to less than 100 |

4. Policy on Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders in Conducting Transactions with the Controlling Shareholder

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| _____ |
|-------|

5. Other Special Circumstances That May Have a Material Impact on Corporate Governance

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|-------|
| _____ |
|-------|

II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems Regarding Decision-Making, Execution of Business, and Supervision in Management

1. Organizational Composition and Operation

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Form of organization | Company with the Audit & Supervisory Board |
|----------------------|--|

[Directors]

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| Maximum number of directors stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation | 25 |
| Term of office of directors stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation | One year |
| Chair of the Board of Directors | President and CEO |
| Number of directors Updated | 11 |
| Outside directors | Appointed |
| Number of outside directors Updated | 6 |
| Of outside directors, number of independent officers Updated | 5 |

| |
|--|
| Relationship with the Company (1) Updated |
|--|

| Name | Attribute | Relationship with the Company* | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | a | b | c | d | e | f | g | h | i | j | k |
| Yoshiaki Ozawa | Academic | | | | | | | | △ | | | |
| Kaku Kato | From another company | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Keiko Kaneko | Lawyer | | | | | | | | ○ | | | |
| Gideon Franklin | From another company | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Haruyuki Yoshida | From another company | | | | | | | | ○ | | | |
| Yuki Kanzaki | From another company | | | | | | | | ○ | | | |

* Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

* "○" when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"△" when the director fell under the category in the past

* "●" when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"▲" when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past

a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries

- b. Non-executive director or executive of a parent company of the Company
- c. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
- d. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof
- e. Major client or supplier of the Company or an executive thereof
- f. Consultant, accountant, or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as a director
- g. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
- h. Executive of a client or supplier of the Company (which does not correspond to any of d, e, or f) (the director himself/herself only)
- i. Executive of a company, between which and the Company outside officers are mutually appointed (the director himself/herself only)
- j. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the director himself/herself only)
- k. Other

Relationship with the Company (2) **Updated**

| Name | Independent officer | Supplementary explanation of the relationship | Reasons for appointment |
|----------------|---------------------|---|---|
| Yoshiaki Ozawa | ✓ | — | He has considerable knowledge in financial and accounting matters and teaches accounting as a university professor by leveraging his experience working abroad. At meetings of the Board of Directors, he offers professional advice and counsel to secure the transparency of management and enhance the supervision thereof based on his abundant experience and extensive knowledge, as well as to help us promote globalization of the Group. In addition, he works to supervise the management team at Advisory Committee meetings, mainly reflecting the evaluation of corporate performance and other results in the nomination and remuneration for officers from an independent and objective perspective. He has no personal, capital or business relationships with or any other interests in the Company and is able to fulfill his duties as Outside Director from an independent and objective perspective. |

| | | | |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| Kaku Kato | ✓ | _____ | <p>He has abundant experience and extensive knowledge in corporation management, particularly in the fields of safety and ESG as well as compliance and internal control, cultivated through his positions as executive officer at a trading company and an energy-related company. At meetings of the Board of Directors, he offers advice and counsel to secure the transparency of management and enhance the supervision thereof mainly from the viewpoint of corporate legal affairs. In addition, he works to supervise the management team at Advisory Committee meetings, mainly reflecting the evaluation of corporate performance and other results in the nomination and remuneration for officers from an independent and objective perspective. He has no personal, capital or business relationships with or any other interests in the Company and is able to fulfill his duties as Outside Director from an independent and objective perspective.</p> |
| Keiko Kaneko | | <p>She works for Anderson Mori & Tomotsune. Although the Company may outsource individual cases to Anderson Mori & Tomotsune where she belongs, there is no advisory contract, and the amount of the transactions is less than 1% of the consolidated net sales of either company.</p> | <p>She has experience working at a trading company and as an associate professor at a graduate school. As a lawyer, she is actively involved in areas such as business acquisition, transactions and management of business enterprises, and regulations in the field of natural resources. At meetings of the Board of Directors, she offers advice and counsel to secure the transparency of management and enhance the supervision thereof from her professional viewpoint. In addition, she works to supervise the management team at Advisory Committee meetings, mainly reflecting the evaluation of</p> |

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| | | | <p>corporate performance and other results in the nomination and remuneration for officers from an independent and objective perspective. She has no personal, capital or business relationships with or any other interests in the Company and is able to fulfill her duties as Outside Director from an independent and objective perspective. In line with the policy of Anderson Mori & Tomotsune, the Company will not designate her as an independent officer as stipulated by the rules of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. However, she fully satisfies the requirements for independent officers as stipulated by the rules of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the independence judgment criteria set forth by the Company, and it is therefore determined that her independence from the Company is sufficiently ensured.</p> |
| Gideon Franklin | ✓ | _____ | <p>He has abundant experience and extensive knowledge in corporate management as an analyst, M&A advisor, and management executive in international financial institutions and other organizations. He offers advice and counsel to secure the transparency of management and enhance the supervision from unconventional perspectives by increasing the diversity of the Board of Directors based on his extensive knowledge on global business management. In addition, he works to supervise the management team at Advisory Committee meetings, mainly reflecting the evaluation of corporate performance and other results in the nomination and remuneration for officers from an independent and objective perspective. He has no personal, capital or business relationships with</p> |

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| | | | or any other interests in the Company and is able to fulfill his duties as Outside Director from an independent and objective perspective. |
| Haruyuki Yoshida | ✓ | He is an Outside Director of SUGIMOTO & CO., LTD. There are transactions between SUGIMOTO & CO., LTD. and the Company, the amount of the transactions is less than 1% of the consolidated net sales of either company. SUGIMOTO & CO., LTD. holds the Company's shares as a member of Daifuku Supplier Shareholder Association, its ownership of the voting rights is less than 10%. Although there are transactions between Kubota Corporation, where he belonged until June 2024, and the Company, the amount of the transactions is less than 1% of the consolidated net sales of either company. | He has global experience and extensive knowledge as a corporate manager, having served as the corporate officer of Kubota Corporation and the head of its Group U.S. company for many years. Therefore, we would like him to provide advice and recommendations to help us secure the transparency of management and enhance the supervision. In addition, he will work to supervise the management team at Advisory Committee meetings, mainly reflecting the evaluation of corporate performance and other results in the nomination and remuneration for officers from an independent and objective perspective. He has no personal, capital or business relationships with or any other interests in the Company and is able to fulfill his duties as Outside Director from an independent and objective perspective. |
| Yuki Kanzawa | ✓ | There are transactions between Kirin Holdings Company, Limited and Kyowa Hakko Bio Co., Ltd., where she belonged until March 2024, and the Company, the amount of the transactions is less than 1% of the consolidated net sales of either company. | She has served in positions such as a corporate officer of Kirin Holdings Company, Limited and a head of its Group companies. She has consistently worked in <i>monozukuri</i> (workmanship) onsite in the manufacturing industry while playing a primary role in advancing business restoration, structural reform, and the reformation of organizational culture in acquired companies. Based on such abundant experience and knowledge, we would like her to provide advice and counsel at meetings of the Board of Directors, not to mention the production |

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| | | | <p>departments, to secure the transparency of management and enhance the supervision thereof. In addition, she will work to supervise the management team at Advisory Committee meetings, mainly reflecting the evaluation of corporate performance and other results in the nomination and remuneration for officers from an independent and objective perspective. She has no personal, capital or business relationships with or any other interests in the Company and is able to fulfill his duties as Outside Director from an independent and objective perspective.</p> |
|--|--|--|---|

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|---|-------------|
| Voluntary establishment of committee(s) corresponding to nomination committee or remuneration committee | Established |
|---|-------------|

Committee's Name, Composition, and Attributes of Chair **Updated**

| | Committee corresponding to nomination committee | Committee corresponding to remuneration committee |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Committee's name | Advisory Committee | Advisory Committee |
| Number of all committee members | 8 | 8 |
| Full-time members | 0 | 0 |
| Inside directors | 2 | 2 |
| Outside directors | 6 | 6 |
| Outside experts | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 0 |
| Chair | One of outside directors | One of outside directors |

Supplementary Explanation **Updated**

As described below, the composition, etc. of the Advisory Committee is set out in the internal rules.

- Composition and independence

The Advisory Committee consists of three or more directors, including one or more representative directors and one or more outside directors. For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2025, all six (6) outside directors and two (2) representative directors serve on the committee. The chair is an outside director. This composition of the committee ensures its independence.

- Activities

The main activities of the Advisory Committee are the deliberation on, and reporting of, the nomination, election and dismissal, and the remuneration of officers. All five (5) outside directors and one (1) representative director served on the committee and seven meetings were held in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

- Method of selecting committee members

The members are determined by resolution of the Board of Directors.

- Name and roles of committee members

Outside Director Yoshiaki Ozawa (chair), Outside Director Kaku Kato, Outside Director Keiko Kaneko, Outside Director Gideon Franklin, Outside Director Haruyuki Yoshida, Outside Director Yuki Kanzaki, Representative Director Hiroshi Geshiro, and Representative Director Tomoaki Terai

- Authority and roles of the committee

The committee deliberates on the nomination, and election and dismissal of management team members and the remuneration for all directors and corporate officers. It reports the results of the deliberation to the Board of Directors.

[Audit & Supervisory Board Members]

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Establishment of the Audit & Supervisory Board | Established |
| Maximum number of Audit & Supervisory Board members stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation | 5 |
| Number of Audit & Supervisory Board members | 4 |

Cooperation between Audit & Supervisory Board Members, Accounting Auditors and the Internal Audit Unit

Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit Division work in collaboration from initial stage to plan and carry out individual audits and mutually raise audit effectiveness by reflecting information including their audit performance, individual results of audited units, and views shared at regular auditors' meetings, etc. in their audit practices on a timely manner.

Audit & Supervisory Board members exchange opinions by receiving explanations of the audit plan and reports of in-term reviews and audit results from the accounting auditor. The Audit Division is also present at the audit results report meeting. In addition, Audit & Supervisory Board members (full-time) undertake mutual cooperation with the accounting auditor by exchanging opinions when accompanying them on inventory inspections, on-site audits of installation sites, and overseas on-site audits.

The Audit Division conducts internal control system (J-SOX) assessment tests effectively by having regular and as-needed meetings with the accounting auditor to share views and information. Audit & Supervisory Board members (full-time) are also present at the assessment tests and audit the effectiveness of the tests. Also, the Audit Division has established a system for reporting to the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board and reports on internal control, as necessary. In addition, to ensure the effectiveness of internal audits, the division has established essential matters related to internal audits in the Rules of Internal Audits to ensure independence from other business execution units. The division conducts internal audits appropriately based on an annual audit plan.

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Appointment of outside members of the Audit & Supervisory Board | Appointed |
| Number of outside members of the Audit & Supervisory Board | 3 |
| Of outside members of the Audit & Supervisory Board, number of independent officers | 3 |

Relationship with the Company (1)

| Name | Attribute | Relationship with the Company* | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | a | b | c | d | e | f | g | h | i | j | k | l | m |
| Tsukasa Miyajima | Academic | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nobuo Wada | Academic | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Eiko Hakoda | Lawyer | | | | | | | | | | ○ | | | |

* Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

* "○" when the Audit & Supervisory Board member presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"△" when the Audit & Supervisory Board member fell under the category in the past

* "●" when a close relative of the Audit & Supervisory Board member presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"▲" when a close relative of the Audit & Supervisory Board member fell under the category in the past

- Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries
- Non-executive director or accounting advisor of the Company or its subsidiaries
- Non-executive director or executive of a parent company of the Company
- An Audit & Supervisory Board member of a parent company of the Company
- Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
- A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof

- g. Major client or supplier of the Company or an executive thereof
- h. Consultant, accountant, or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company in addition to compensation as an Audit & Supervisory Board member
- i. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
- j. Executive of a client or supplier of the Company (which does not correspond to any of f, g, or h) (the Audit & Supervisory Board member himself/herself only)
- k. Executive of a company, between which and the Company outside officers are mutually appointed (the Audit & Supervisory Board member himself/herself only)
- l. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the Audit & Supervisory Board member himself/herself only)
- m. Other

Relationship with the Company (2) **Updated**

| Name | Independent officer | Supplementary explanation of the relationship | Reasons for appointment |
|------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| Tsakasa Miyajima | ✓ | _____ | He is a university professor specializing in law and has deep insight and extensive experience as an academic expert and a legal expert. He has given us professional advice and counsel to ensure the transparency of management and enhance the functions of management supervision and auditing thereof. He has no personal, capital or business relationships with or any other interests in the Company and is able to fulfill his duties as an outside member of the Audit & Supervisory Board from an independent and objective perspective. |
| Nobuo Wada | ✓ | _____ | He has long been a professor at the university majoring in experimental research into condensed matter physics and has deep insight and extensive experience as an academic expert. He has given us advice and counsel to ensure the transparency of management and enhance the functions of management supervision and auditing thereof. He has no personal, capital or business relationships with or any other interests in the Company and is able |

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| | | | to fulfill his duties as an outside member of the Audit & Supervisory Board from an independent and objective perspective. |
| Eiko Hakoda | ✓ | She is an Outside Corporate Auditor of SPARX Asset Management Co., Ltd. In addition, SPARX Asset Management Co., Ltd. holds the Company's shares, its ownership of the voting rights is less than 10%. Although the Company has a delegation contractual relationship with Mori Hamada & Matsumoto, to which she belonged until December 2023, she was never involved in the Company's delegation matters, and the amount of transactions between the Company and Mori Hamada & Matsumoto is less than 1% of both the firm's annual revenue and the Company's consolidated net sales. | She has long been engaged in global business as a lawyer and has a proven track record and a high level of expertise in finance, international commerce, and corporate governance. She has given us advice and counsel to help us secure the transparency of management and enhance the monitoring and auditing functions over management based on her extensive experience and deep insight. She has no personal, capital or business relationships with or any other interests in the Company and is able to fulfill his duties as an outside member of the Audit & Supervisory Board from an independent and objective perspective. |

[Independent Officers]

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|--------------------------------|---------|---|
| Number of independent officers | Updated | 8 |
|--------------------------------|---------|---|

Other Matters to Independent Officers

Outside directors and outside members of the Audit & Supervisory Board, excluding the outside director Keiko Kaneko, are designated as independent officers as stipulated by the rules of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. In line with the policy of Ms. Kaneko's law firm, the Company does not designate her as an independent officer as stipulated by the rules of the Tokyo Stock Exchange; however, she fully satisfies the requirements for independent officers based on the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and the independence judgment criteria set forth by the Company, and it is therefore determined that her independence from the Company is sufficiently ensured.

Independence standards of outside directors and outside members of the Audit & Supervisory Board

At Daifuku, outside directors and outside members of the Audit & Supervisory Board are considered independent if they do not fall under any of Articles 1 to 5 below.

Article 1

A person who falls or fell under any of the following in the last three years:

- 1) A person who executes business of a company, etc. that is a key customer of Daifuku or whose key business partner is Daifuku (*1)
- 2) A lawyer who belongs to a law firm that has concluded an advisory contract with Daifuku or its subsidiary and who was actually in charge of legal business for Daifuku, a certified public accountant (or a certified tax accountant) who was an accounting auditor or accounting advisor of Daifuku or its subsidiary, or an employee, partner, or staff member who belongs to an auditing firm (or tax accountant corporation) that is an accounting auditor or accounting advisor of Daifuku or its subsidiary and who was actually in charge of the auditing service for Daifuku
- 3) A lawyer, certified public accountant, or certified tax accountant, if not applicable to the above item 2, who provides specialized services, etc. to Daifuku by receiving a large amount (*2) of money or assets other than remuneration for an officer, directly from the company
- 4) An officer or employee of a company, etc. that is a major shareholder (*3) of Daifuku

Article 2

An officer or employee of Daifuku's subsidiary or a person who held such a position during the ten years before being appointed as such status

Article 3

An executive board member or any other person who executes business of an organization that receives donations or grants exceeding a certain amount (*4) from Daifuku (such as a public interest incorporated foundation, a public interest incorporated association, or a non-profit corporation)

Article 4

The spouse or a relative within the second degree of relationship of a person who falls under any of Articles 1 to 3 above, or a relative living together with such a person

Article 5

A person who does not fall under any of Articles 1 to 4 above, but who is deemed likely to have a virtual conflict of interest with Daifuku due to their relationship with the company

(Notes)

*1: A customer from whom Daifuku received payment of at least 2% of the amount of Daifuku's annual consolidated net sales in the most recent fiscal year, or a business partner who received payment from Daifuku of at least 2% of the amount of its annual consolidated net sales in the most recent fiscal year

*2: The annual average for the last three years of 10 million yen or more

*3: A shareholder with 10% or more of the voting rights

*4: The annual average for the last three years of 10 million yen or more, or 30% of the average total annual expenditure of the organization, whichever is larger

[Incentives]

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| Incentive policies for directors | Performance-linked remuneration |
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Supplementary Explanation **Updated**

Remuneration for executive directors consists of a basic remuneration as fixed compensation, a bonus as a short-term performance-linked compensation, and medium- to long-term performance-linked equity compensation (the Board Benefit Trust or BBT, non-monetary compensation).

- Policy on the determination of the payment ratio of performance-based compensation and other compensation

The payment ratio is not fixed because the link between the Company's results and stock value is reflected in compensation. The Board of Directors determines the ratio, taking into consideration levels at other companies and the report from the Advisory Committee.

- Performance indicators for performance-linked remuneration, reasons for selection of the indicators, and the method of determination of the performance-linked remuneration

Bonuses are short-term performance-linked remuneration for directors and take the form of monetary remuneration to be paid at a fixed time each fiscal year, in accordance with the evaluation of performance for each fiscal year. Bonuses are calculated by setting the amount of total resources linked to consolidated net income and ESG indicators (safety and the environment) for each fiscal year, and by determining the amount to be allocated to each individual based on two factors: the basic component determined by qualification and job title, and the component of individual performance evaluated based on quantitative indicators (growth rate of net sales and margin) and qualitative indicators (such as roles and initiatives for sustainable growth). The allocation ratio is 50% basic component and 50% performance-linked evaluation component.

- Description of non-monetary compensation, etc.

The Board Benefit Trust (BBT), a performance-linked non-monetary remuneration scheme, grants points equivalent to stocks based on performance and ESG initiatives during each fiscal year and the three- or four-year business plan period. Directors are paid Company shares and money according to accumulated points at the time of retirement. The scheme aims to further clarify the linkage of directors' remuneration and the Company's business performance as well as its stock value, which enables directors to share the benefit of increase in stock value and the risk of decrease in stock value with shareholders. By doing so, it is expected to raise awareness in directors to contribute to boosting corporate value in the medium and long terms.

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| Recipients of stock options | |
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| Supplementary Explanation |
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[Directors' Remuneration]

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| Disclosure of individual directors' remuneration | Selected directors |
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| Supplementary Explanation Updated |
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| In the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the remunerations paid to the directors and Audit & |
|---|

Supervisory Board members are as follows:

Directors (excluding outside directors):

Six (6) persons, total remuneration of 498 million yen (basic remuneration: 173 million yen, bonus: 284 million yen, performance-linked remuneration: 40 million yen)

Audit & Supervisory Board members (excluding outside members):

One (1) person, total remuneration of 27 million yen (basic remuneration: 27 million yen)

Outside directors:

Five (5) persons, total remuneration of 56 million yen (basic remuneration: 56 million yen)

Outside members of the Audit & Supervisory Board:

Four (4) persons, total remuneration of 27 million yen (basic remuneration: 27 million yen)

The following two (1) director had total remuneration in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 of 100 million yen or more:

Hiroshi Geshiro

Total remuneration of 174 million yen (basic remuneration: 47 million yen, bonus: 112 million yen, performance-linked remuneration: 15 million yen)

Seiji Sato

Total remuneration of 106 million yen (basic remuneration: 60 million yen, bonus: 45 million yen)

Policy on determining remuneration amounts and calculation methods **Updated**

Established

Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods

- The remuneration for the executive directors consists of basic remuneration as a fixed remuneration, a bonus as a short-term performance-linked remuneration, and a medium- to long-term performance-linked equity remuneration.

Basic remuneration:

Basic remuneration is determined based on fixed remuneration for executive remuneration by position. The remuneration level is determined based on a comprehensive consideration of qualifications, position, and company performance, while also taking into account levels at other comparable companies, and is paid monthly.

For details about the bonus as a short-term performance-linked compensation, and medium- to long-term performance-linked equity compensation (BBT, non-monetary compensation), see [Incentives] above. For details of the outline and calculation method of the remuneration system for directors for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, see "Remuneration for officers" in our securities reports.

The 109th Business Term Securities Report (Japanese version)*

www.daifuku.com/jp/ir/library/statements

* The English version is scheduled to be disclosed in June, 2025.

[Support System for Outside Directors and/or Outside Members of the Audit & Supervisory Board]

The Secretary's Office provides appropriate support to outside directors. The Audit & Supervisory Board Office provides information to Audit & Supervisory Board members, including outside Audit & Supervisory Board members, and assists in auditing duties and provides duties related to the Audit & Supervisory Board.

On the communication front, the Company provides materials for meetings of the Board of Directors in advance, using IT and tablets, to give outside directors time to examine them.

2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Supervision, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System) Updated

1. Directors and the Board of Directors

Daifuku's Board of Directors makes decisions on important matters stipulated in the Rules of the Board of Directors, such as the determination of management policies, management plans, and the corporate governance system. The Board delegates matters other than these important matters to directors and corporate officers. The Board of Directors meetings are attended by all directors with a one-year term of office and all Audit & Supervisory Board members, with a senior managing officer, managing officers and an audit officer joining as observers. The president and CEO serves as Chair of the Board of Directors. The Company holds regular monthly meetings of the Board of Directors, with extraordinary meetings convened, as necessary. In the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the Company held extraordinary meetings of the Board of Directors on four occasions.

The composition of the Board of Directors is appropriate to ensure diversity including gender and internationality, while providing the expertise and experience necessary to implement the management philosophy and strategies in the management environment in which the Group operates.

2. Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board

The Company maintains an Audit & Supervisory Board comprising four (4) Audit & Supervisory Board members, three (3) of whom are elected from outside the Company, with the remaining member a full-time member from inside the Company.

Mr. Tsukasa Saito, a full-time member of the Audit & Supervisory Board, has abundant practical experience in the finance and accounting unit and a high level of knowledge in the accounting and financial fields.

In addition, to enhance the effectiveness of audits by Audit & Supervisory Board members, the Audit & Supervisory Board Office consisting of two full-time staff members has been established as a system to assist with the duties of Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board, and an audit officer serves concurrently as the general manager of the Office.

With an awareness of their fiduciary responsibilities to shareholders and with a view to continuous corporate growth and medium- and long-term improvement in corporate value, Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board carry out auditing activities for fulfilling their duties, including auditing of directors' execution of duties, auditing of the internal control system and assessment of the appropriateness of auditing conducted by the accounting auditor, in accordance with the Rules of the Audit & Supervisory Board, the Standards for Company Auditor Audit, and the Standards on Audit Concerning the Internal Control System.

3. Advisory Committee

The Company has established a voluntary Advisory Committee to strengthen the independence, objectivity, and accountability of the functions of the Board of Directors regarding the nomination, dismissal, and the remuneration of directors and corporate officers. For details, see [Supplementary Principle 4.10.1 Mandates and roles of a nomination committee and remuneration committee], Chapter I.

4. Other bodies, etc.

Management Advisory Meeting:

The Management Advisory Meeting is held to confer important management matters. With all directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members in attendance, this meeting also seeks the opinions of related corporate officers, an audit officer, executives, and external specialists on an as-needed basis. Convened by the representative directors as they see fit, the Management Advisory Meeting meets on a timely basis as appropriate.

Corporate officer system:

The Company has introduced a corporate officer system to accelerate decision-making on business execution through a reduction in the number of directors as well as further revitalizing the Board of Directors by promoting more rigorous deliberations. The Company is engaging in functional and efficient business operations by broadly promoting employees with knowledge of business operations to serve as corporate officers and execute business based on the authority bestowed upon them by the Board.

Officers meeting:

The Company holds officers meetings to review and formulate the matters to be discussed by the Board of Directors as stipulated in the Rules of the Board of Directors and reports the matters stipulated in the Rules of the Officers Meeting. The officers meeting consists of all directors and all corporate officers. It is held with the attendance of Audit & Supervisory Board members and an audit officer. The meetings are held every month in conjunction with scheduled Board of Directors meetings.

5. Limitation of liability

Under Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, the Company has entered into agreements with outside directors and outside members of the Audit & Supervisory Board to limit their liability provided for in Article 423, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. The maximum amount of liability for damages under the agreement is an amount stipulated in laws and regulations. The agreement will be applied only if outside directors or outside members of the Audit & Supervisory Board have acted in good faith and without gross negligence in performing the duties that have caused the liability.

3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System

The Company is a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board. Under this basic structure, the Group has flexibly introduced and expanded systems to enhance management transparency and the management monitoring and supervision functions. We believe that the current corporate governance system is appropriate in terms of the workforce and business scale of the Group and that we meet the expectations of shareholders, who entrust management to us.

III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting

Rights **Updated**

| | Supplementary explanation |
|---|--|
| Early notification of General Shareholders' Meeting | The Company sent out the convening notice of the 109th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders (held on March 28, 2025) on March 12, 2025 (16 days prior to the meeting date). On March 6, prior to sending out the notice, the Company published the convening notice on the websites of Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Company. |
| Allowing the electronic exercise of voting rights | It is acceptable to exercise voting rights via the Internet (including using smartphones). |
| Participation in the electronic voting platform and efforts to improve the environment for the exercise of voting rights by institutional investors | The Company is participating in the platform for the electronic exercise of voting rights operated by ICJ, Inc. |
| Providing convening notices (summary) in English | The Company posts convening notices in English on the websites of Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Company and provides them to the platform for the electronic exercise of voting rights operated by ICJ, Inc. |
| Other | <p>The Company posts notices of convening and resolutions on its website. In addition, the Company visualizes the content of financial reports using graphs and photographs to increase shareholders' understanding of its business activities at general shareholders' meetings and posts these materials on its website.</p> <p>The Company held its hybrid participatory virtual ordinary general meeting of shareholders on March 28, 2025, in a similar manner from 2021 onward. For shareholders who refrained from coming to the site of the meeting, the Company distributed a live video of the shareholders' meeting over the Internet. The shareholders who watched the video were not able to exercise voting rights or ask questions. However, the Company accepted questions before the meeting to facilitate communication with the management.</p> |

2. Investor Relations (IR) Activities **Updated**

| | Supplementary explanation | Explanations by the president of the Company |
|---|--|--|
| Stipulation and disclosure of disclosure policy | We have established a disclosure policy to ensure appropriate information disclosure | |

| | | |
|---|---|-----|
| | and transparency and disclose it on our website. For details, see the following page: Disclosure Policy www.daifuku.com/ir/policy/governance/disclosure-policy | |
| Holding of regular briefings for individual investors | We hold tours of our demo center within Shiga Works. | Yes |
| Holding of regular briefings for analysts and institutional investors | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - We hold regular quarterly results briefings with the Representative Directors and CFO attending, as well as meetings including dialogues related to ESG as required. - We hold an Investor Relations Day, giving presentations by business | Yes |
| Holding of regular briefings for investors outside of Japan | We hold such meetings in the United States and Europe, and Asia. Online meetings are held as required. | Yes |
| Posting of IR materials on the Company website | <p>Posted IR materials include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - News releases (Japanese/English) - Earnings announcements (Japanese/English) - Earnings presentations (Japanese/English) - Convening notices (Japanese/English) - Securities reports (Japanese/English) - Corporate reports for integrated reporting (Japanese/English) - Corporate governance reports (Japanese/English) - Business reports (newsletters) for shareholders (Japanese) | |
| Establishment of department (manager) in charge of investor relations | Investor Relations Department, under the Corporate Communications Division | |

3. Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders

| | Supplementary explanation |
|---|--|
| Stipulation of internal rules and regulations for respecting the position of stakeholders | We have established the Group Code of Conduct, that defines the fundamental principles we (all directors, officers, and employees of the Group) should follow with the aim to realize the Group company creed and management philosophy. In performing our duties as members of the Group, we act faithfully in accordance with this Code of Conduct under the following Basic Stance. |

| | |
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| | <p>Basic Stance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - We will act in accordance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, social norms and ethics. - We will place safety as a major premise in all aspects of our business activities. - We will remain committed to the creed of "Hini Arata" as we take on new challenges and make changes for the better. <p>In accordance with the Basic Stance, we will respect the position of stakeholders, in relation to customers, business partners, shareholders and investors, employees, people, and society.</p> |
| <p>Implementation of environmental activities, CSR activities, etc.</p> | <p>In April 2014, we signed a commitment to join the United Nations Global Compact, an international initiative for the United Nations and the private sector (companies and organizations) to collaborate and build a sound global society. For details, see the following page: Participation in Outside Initiatives www.daifuku.com/sustainability/management/initiatives</p> <p>We have established the Sustainability Management Committee, which reports on and submits critical matters regarding sustainability issues to the Board of Directors. This committee engages in important discussions regarding management strategies that emphasize the enhancement of corporate value over the medium to long term, as well as the confirmation of the progress and results of plans. Furthermore, the Sustainability Promotion Committee (formerly the Sustainability Committee) and the subcommittees under the jurisdiction of and in cooperation with the Sustainability Management Committee are responsible for investigating and implementing more concrete measures based on management strategies on a practical level. For details, see the following page: Sustainability Management www.daifuku.com/sustainability/management/policy</p> <p>We have formulated the Daifuku Environmental Vision 2050, an environmental vision looking toward 2050 for the establishment of a sustainable society. (Announced in February 2021, revised in May 2023) In the Vision, by 2050, we will realize a world where material handling systems operate with zero environmental impact. Regarding the crucial issue areas, we have set three themes: addressing climate change, promoting resource recycling, and coexisting with nature. For details, see the following page: Environmental Management www.daifuku.com/sustainability/environmental-management</p> <p>In 2020, we disclosed the results of our analysis of climate-related risks and opportunities based on the TCFD recommendations, and in May 2024 we reviewed our information disclosed, taking changes in</p> |

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| | <p>social and environments into account. We will continuously accelerate more specific efforts to address climate change. For details, see the following page: Climate Change www.daifuku.com/sustainability/environment/climate-change</p> <p>We formulated the Daifuku Group Human Rights Policy, and we have been working to establish a system to identify, analyze, evaluate, correct, and prevent negative human rights impacts related to our overall business activities, including those in our supply chain. For details, see the following page: Human Rights www.daifuku.com/sustainability/society/human-rights</p> <p>For details on other initiatives, see the following page: Sustainability www.daifuku.com/sustainability</p> |
| Formulation of policies on information provision to stakeholders | <p>The Group Code of Conduct defines our policies on information provision to the stakeholders. For details, see the following page: Corporate Policies www.daifuku.com/company/philosophy</p> |

IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System

1. Basic Views on the Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development

[Basic Stance on the Internal Control System]

The Company understands that maintaining a robust internal control system increases the effectiveness of corporate governance to improve corporate reliability as well as operational efficiency and effectiveness. Consequently, the Company is committed to complying with laws and regulations, managing risk, conserving assets, and providing reliable financial reporting.

[Development of the Internal Control System]

The following is the outline of the internal control system resolved at the meeting of the Board of Directors.

1. System to ensure that the performance of duties by the directors and employees complies with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation of the Company
 - 1) Directors shall take the lead in observing the Group Code of Conduct, which aims for compliance with laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the internal rules and regulations, and social norms, and strive to achieve a thorough understanding of the Code of Conduct within the Company.
 - 2) The Company shall ensure compliance with laws and regulations in its corporate activities and raise and improve awareness of fairness and morality, by setting the Compliance Committee consisting of all directors and all corporate officers.
 - 3) The Audit Division, which is independent of the Company's lines of business execution, shall conduct audits of the status of adherence to laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation of the Company and the internal rules and regulations.

- 4) The Company shall develop and operate a whistleblowing system for the early detection of risks associated with corporate activities and the prevention of material problems.
- 5) In addition to the above, the Company shall establish and operate various committees for the purpose of solving important issues within the Group in a cross-organizational manner.

2. System for the storage and management of information related to the execution of duties by the directors

The Company shall properly store and manage the minutes of general shareholders' meetings and meetings of the Board of Directors, and records, and other information related to the execution of duties by the directors in accordance with the Document Management Rules and other internal rules and regulations.

3. Rules and regulations and other systems concerning the management of the risk of losses

- 1) For the timely and appropriately control of risks that may affect the achievement of management goals of the Group, the Company shall develop policies, regulations, and systems, while the Risk Management Committee shall promote overall risk management activities for significant risks that affect corporate activities.
- 2) The Company shall develop a business continuity plan (BCP) promotion system in preparation for an emergency, implement preventive measures, education, training, etc., and promote regular inspections of BCP and correction of deficiencies.
- 3) The Company shall establish regulations on information security that stipulate the systems necessary for maintenance and management of information security, functions and authorities of organizations to promote information security and handling methods of information assets, thereby protecting information assets owned by the Group.

4. System to ensure the efficient execution of duties by the directors

- 1) The Board of Directors shall formulate management goals, business plans, and other managerial policies of the entire Group to be shared by the officers and employees and seek to instill them throughout the Group.
- 2) The Company has introduced a corporate officer system. Management functions shall be separated into two: the management decision-making and supervision functions of the Board of Directors and the business execution functions of corporate officers. Corporate officers shall formulate specific goals and measures for their own units in light of the management goals determined by the Board of Directors and execute operations to achieve those goals.

5. System to ensure the appropriateness of business operations of the corporate group comprising the Company and its subsidiaries

- 1) In accordance with the Group Code of Conduct shared by the Group, officers and employees of the Group shall comply with relevant laws, the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, internal regulations, and social norms to act with integrity.
- 2) In accordance with the Group Governance Rules, the Company shall appoint officers in charge of subsidiaries and ensure the appropriateness of the business operations of the entire Group by providing instructions, and advice through these officers on all aspects of the management of its subsidiaries across the globe.
- 3) Standing in a position that is independent from the business execution lines, the Audit Division shall conduct audits of the status of the development and operation of internal control systems in the Group.
- 4) In accordance with laws and regulations, the Company and the entire Group shall take a resolute attitude toward anti-social forces and groups that threaten the order and safety of

civil society. In addition, the Company shall strive to develop and disseminate anti-bribery regulations, etc. in response to compliance risk on a global level.

6. Matters related to employees who should assist with the duties of the Audit & Supervisory Board members, matters related to the independence of the employees from the directors, and matters related to ensuring the effectiveness of instructions issued to the employees
 - 1) The Company shall establish an Audit & Supervisory Board Office staffed with employees assigned to assist with the duties of Audit & Supervisory Board members.
 - 2) The Company shall respect the opinions of Audit & Supervisory Board members when making personnel decisions relating to the Audit & Supervisory Board Office and the Audit Division. The Company shall also consider the independence of the Audit & Supervisory Board Office as part of its endeavor to ensure the effectiveness of instructions given to Audit & Supervisory Board Office employees.
7. System to enable directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries to submit reports to Audit & Supervisory Board members, and a system to ensure any person who has submitted a report is not treated disadvantageously as a result
 - 1) Directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries shall report the following matters to the Audit & Supervisory Board members:
 - (1) Matters that may cause significant damage to the Group
 - (2) Important matters pertaining to business circumstances on a monthly basis
 - (3) Important matters relating to the status of internal audits and risk management
 - (4) Serious violations of laws or the Articles of Incorporation of the Company
 - (5) Other significant compliance-related matters
 - 2) The Group shall not take any adverse actions against directors, employees, etc. who reported to the Audit & Supervisory Board members on the grounds that they provided information to the said members.
 - 3) Members of the Audit & Supervisory Board, the Audit & Supervisory Board Office, and the Audit Division shall attend meetings of the Board of Directors of subsidiaries and other major meetings to collect information and ensure the effectiveness of audits.
8. Other systems to ensure the effective execution of audits by Audit & Supervisory Board members
 - 1) In accordance with the auditing standards of the Audit & Supervisory Board, Audit & Supervisory Board members shall hold regular opinion exchange forums with the representative directors and outside directors on important audit issues, etc.
 - 2) Audit & Supervisory Board members shall receive regular reports on audit plans and results from the Audit Division and request investigations, as necessary.
 - 3) Audit & Supervisory Board members shall direct the Audit & Supervisory Board Office to enhance the effectiveness of audits and ensure the smooth execution of audit duties.
 - 4) Audit & Supervisory Board members and the Audit & Supervisory Board shall meet regularly with the accounting auditor to maintain close contact and conduct effective and efficient audits.
 - 5) The Audit & Supervisory Board may ask the Company to pay in advance or reimburse any necessary expenses relating to the use of legal or accounting experts in the course of conducting audits.

2. Basic Views on Eliminating Anti-Social Forces and the Status of Establishment

In accordance with laws and regulations, the Company shall take a resolute attitude toward anti-social forces and groups that threaten the order and safety of civil society. The Company has outlined its stance in its Group Code of Conduct and has taken steps to ensure that it is fully understood and practiced by all employees (including directors and corporate officers) of the Group.

The Company's response shall be based on recommendations and information from the police, corporate defensive measures councils and other relevant organizations regarding unreasonable claims, etc. The Company has built a framework under which the Corporate Functions and Compliance Committee work closely with the above institutions and its corporate lawyer to take prompt action should any incident occur.

V. Other

1. Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

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| Adoption of anti-takeover measures | Not adopted |
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Supplementary Explanation

2. Other Matters Concerning the Corporate Governance System **Updated**

[Overview of timely disclosure]

The Group aims to realize fair, highly transparent management by being proactive in information provision other than statutory disclosure, not to mention disclosing information appropriately in compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

- The Disclosure Committee shall ensure the timely disclosure of financial results, information related to corporate decisions, and information related to the occurrence of material facts. In the event of a disaster or similar, the committee shall cooperate with the departments related to risk management.

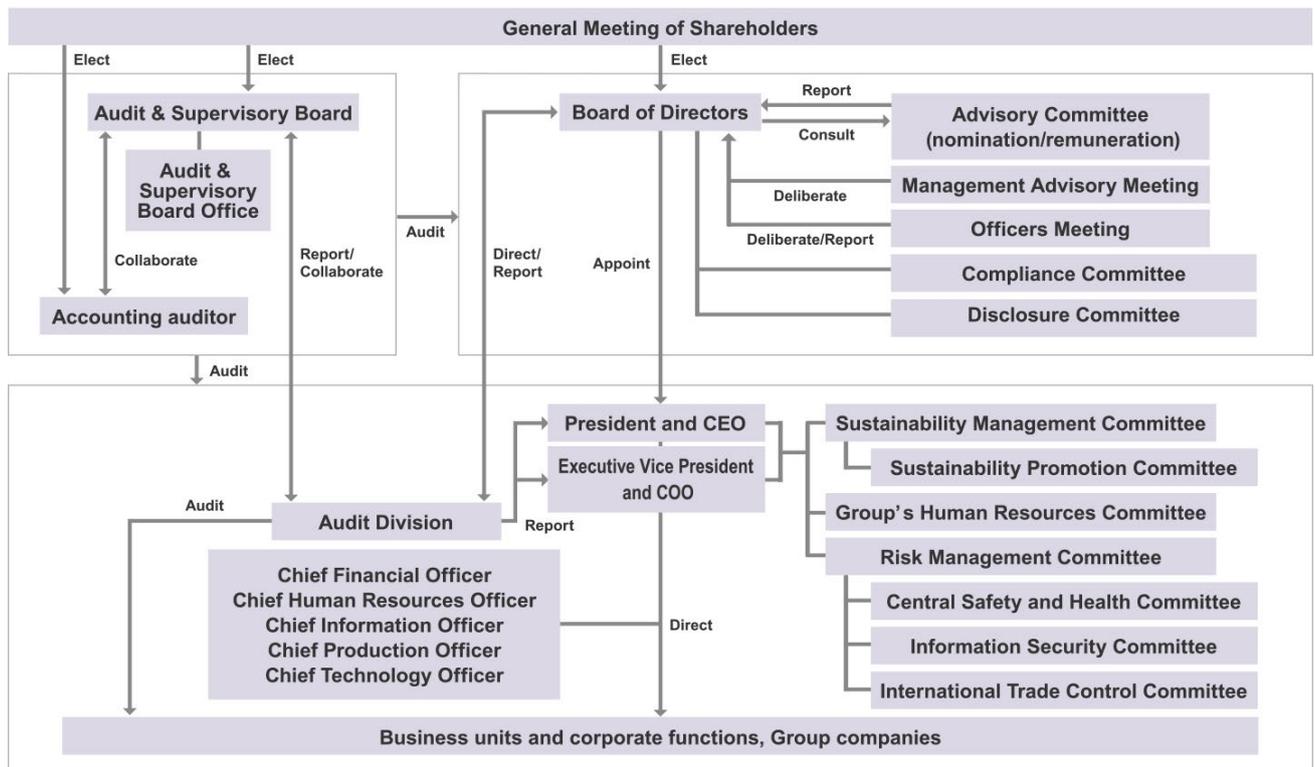
[Corporate governance system]

See the chart on the next page.

- Major changes as of January2025

Appointment of COO: Oversees the Group's overall operations based on the formulated growth strategies and management policies as the Chief Operating Officer of the Group.

Corporate Governance System



Updated in January 2025

